RELATIONSHIPS AND SEX EDUCATION



Contraception & STIs

Monday, 22 September 2025



What are STIs?

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Knowledge, Skills

& Actions







To be able to name at least five common STIs, and explain how they are transmitted

To understand the different groups that STIs are categorised by

To identify the facts, dangers, and symptoms of some common STIs

NEW VOCABULARY >

STI, STD, Bacterial, Viral, Parasitic, Gonorrhoea, Chlamydia, Syphilis, HIV, HPV



Why might someone still go to a doctor even if they have no STI symptoms?

What is an infection?



STARTER ACTIVITY - LAST PERSON STANDING

Pick a number, your row will all stand up, and each of you will come up with examples of what is written one at a time.

Rule 1: You cannot repeat an answer already given

Rule 2: Pause for more than 5 seconds - you must sit

down

Rule 3: Last person standing wins

1 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

2 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

3 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

4 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

5 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

6 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

GROUND



Be open and honest

No Personal Comments

Discussions must be about

'general situations'

You don't have to say things about yourself if you don't want to

It's OK to be embarrassed

by a topic but don't show that you are embarrassed through silliness

Be Respectful

Listen & don't interrupt others

Only 1 person talking at a time

Use the agreed appropriate Language (Avoid slang terms)



DEALING WITH SENSITIVE TOPICS

SAFEGUARDING YOUR
WELFARE & HAVING YOUR
INTERESTS AT HEART

There are **no stupid questions**It's OK to get things wrong





Don't Make Assumptions

about people's values, attitudes, behaviours, life experiences or feelings

Be Non-Judgemental
No put-downs. Challenge
the opinion, not the
person

Conversations on sensitive topics stay in the classroom unless it is a safeguarding issue

Enjoy the lesson, challenge your perceptions and understand how to seek further advice and support



What are STIs?



BASELINE CONFIDENCE CHECKER



BEFORE THE LESSON	NOT		CONFIDENT		VERY			
Knowledge, Skills & Actions	1 0 2	3 🍑 4	5 💝 6	7 🔷 8	9 10			
I can name at least five sexually transmitted infections								
I understand the three main groups of STIs which exist			Bong Street	See Constitution C				
I am able to describe some of the facts and symptoms of different STIs								
Complete a baseling	ne assessme	nt of where y	/OU KEY					



Complete a baseline assessment of where you think you are at for this lesson (Discuss or complete sheet)



I'm not confident at all on this topic

A little confident



Confident



Very confident



DISEASES TRANSMISSION WAYS INFOGRAPHICS RANSMISSION WAYS orem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiacing elit. Integers irem ipsum dolor sit emet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integers Alente sque justo, sit amet malesuada metus ultricies ut. ARE FATAL Lonem Ipsum dolor sit arnet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integers. Pellente sque justo, sit amet malesuada metus ultricies ut. Lorem Ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Intégers.

Infections and diseases can spread in many ways from person to person, and sometimes from animals to humans.

Today, we will be looking at a specific class of infections called sexually transmitted infections (STIs).

Discuss the following topics for 1 minute

Topic 1 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

Topic 2 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

Topic 3 (CLICK TO REVEAL)

Did you know?

As many as 70% of women and 50% of men who have an STI don't show any symptoms.

An STI is an infection you may get when doing something sexual with another person.

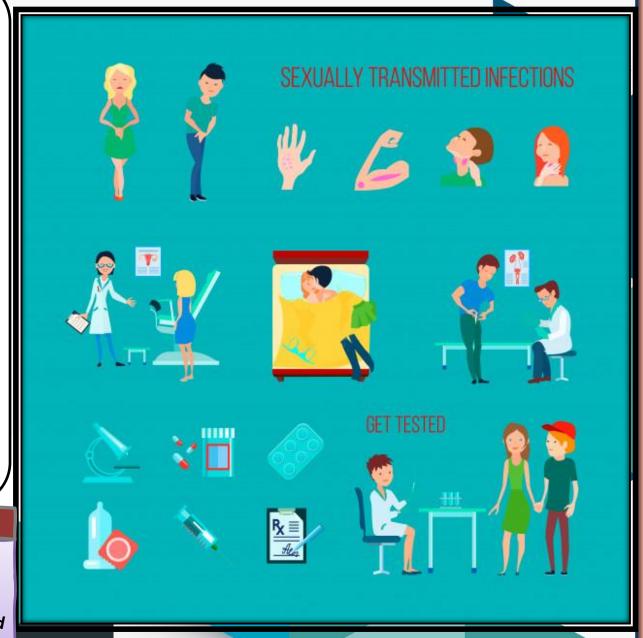
You can only get an STI from someone who has one.

You may hear the word 'STD' or 'STI' used out in the world; the 'D' refers to disease and the 'I' to infection.

There are only small differences between them, and in this lesson, we will call them STIs

Did you know?

Unprotected sex (when no barrier method is used) greatly increases your chances of catching an STI (Chlamydia, syphilis, gonorrhoea and HIV)



What are the three main groups of STIs?

Bacterial STIs: These are caused by bacterial infections that can be cured with antibiotics

Parasitic STIs: These are caused by parasites and can be cured with medication.

Viral STIs: These are caused by viruses and cannot be cured, but the symptoms can be managed with medication.

There are many different types of STIs. Some estimates suggest that there are more than 30 different types of STIs that can be transmitted through sexual contact.





Task

What STIs have you already heard of?

Do you know which of the groups they fit under?

THE BIG STI GUESSING GAME

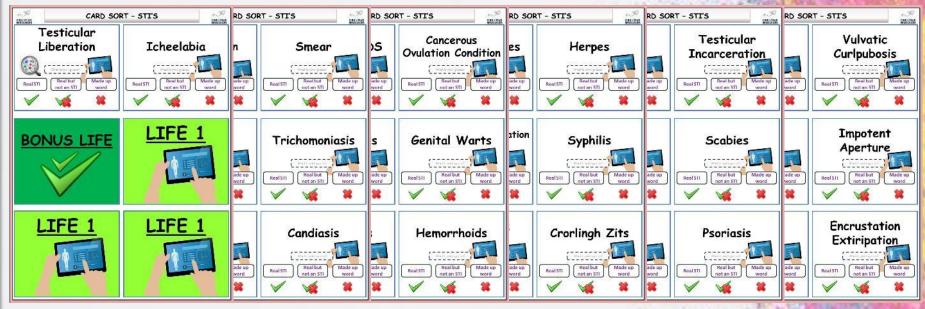
Rule 1: Each player receives a card (or two)

Rule 2: Raise your hand if it is not an STI

Rule 3: Lose all your lives, and the class loses

Rule 4: Find all 11 STIs to win





Did you know?

The number of new people being diagnosed with an STI (particularly chlamydia and syphilis) has increased dramatically over the past fifteen years Ask the Teacher Which of the below are STIs? (There are 11) **Helpline** Hand out cards to students - Click to reveal answers (once lives are lost the game ends!) **Vulvatic** Venereal **Impotent** Pubic Lice Buttpong Curlpubosis Disease **Aperture** Testicular Encrustation Gonorrhea Chlamydia Scabies Extirpation Incarceration Discharge Acute Willyrot **Psoriasis** Herpes Detonation Protuberances Disorder Cancerous Hemiptera HIV - Aids **Syphilis** Ovulation Chancroid Arachnid Condition Compulsive Hepatitis B and Hemorrhoids Genital Warts Crorlingh Zhits Masturbation Disorder Cokrot **Trichomoniasis Kizbhut** Candidiasis Smear Testicular Life Life Life Icheelabia **Bonus life** Liberation

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Click on an STI - To find out more... **Bacterial infections Viruses** A cure is possible No cure is possible Genital Chlamydia Herpes Gonorrhoea HPV & Genital Warts Syphilis HIV **OTHERS**



Chlamydia and Gonorrhoea

The facts

- Caused by bacteria
- Spread person to person during sexual activity
- Throat infections possible from oral sex
- Curable with antibiotics

Symptoms in women

>Usually no symptoms

But may have...

- ➤ Vaginal Discharge (fluid)
- >Burning or pain when peeing
- ►Lowed abdominal Pain

Dangers of it

- Can cause infection of the cervix, Pelvic inflammatory disease (PID),
- Trouble getting pregnant later in life
- Irritation when peeing, damage to the testicles, reduction in quality of sperm

Symptoms in men

>Usually no symptoms

But may have...

- >Urethral Discharge (drip)
- ➤Burning when peeing
- >Testicular Pain

Syphilis

The facts

- Caused by bacteria
- Spread person to person during sexual activity
- Two stages to the disease
- Curable with antibiotics

Dangers of it

- Infection can continue even if symptoms go away
- Serious problems years later (Heart problems, memory loss and strokelike problems)

Symptoms

>May have no symptoms

But may have...

- >Stage 1 Painless sore anywhere sex occurred
- ➤ Stage 2 An infectious brown skin rash across the body
- >Fever, swollen glands, hair loss, and a sore throat

Did you know?

It is much easier to catch HIV when infected with Syphilis



Genital Herpes

The facts

- Common 1 in 5 adults
- Viral infection of the skin membrane and nerves
- The infection will go away and come back
- There is no cure

Dangers of it

- You could transmit it to someone even if you had no ulcers (herpes) showing
- There is currently no cure but medicines can help
- It can be passed on through oral sex

Symptoms

>Often no symptoms

But may have...

- >Ulcers developing in the genital areas
- >Blistering of the skin
- >Unexplained pain or sensitive skin





HPV and Genital Warts

The facts HPV

- HPV known as Human Papillomavirus
- Some types can cause genital warts, others can cause cancer (cervix, penis, and throat)
- Easy to catch skin to skin contact
- Very common, some people can clear their infection without treatment

The facts Genital Warts

- Genital warts may require creams, freezing, chemicals, and even surgery (still no cure) but your body could clear the virus over time
- Quick detection of HPV (cancerous strain) is essential for best possible treatment (smear tests)

Symptoms in women

>Can be no symptoms

But may have...

- >Small flesh coloured bumps
- >Mainly occurring on the vulva and other areas of the cervix

Symptoms in men

>Can be no symptoms

But may have...

- >Small flesh coloured bumps
- > Mainly on the penis, near the anus, or between the penis and the scrotum



HIV

The facts

- HIV known as Human immunodeficiency virus
- There is no cure
- Transmitted through sexual contact or sharing needles (drug equipment)

Dangers of it

- Can be passed onto babies through childbirth
- Attacks and gradually destroys the immune system
- The body becomes more susceptible to infections, cancers, and other serious illnesses

Symptoms

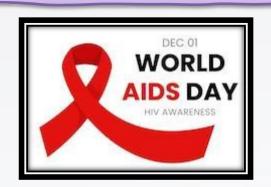
>Often no symptoms

But may have...

- Fever
- > Fatigue
- >Rash
- > Swollen Glands

Did you know?

If HIV is not treated, it can lead to AIDS





ALL OTHERS

The Names

Bacterial STIs:

- Chancroid
- Mycoplasma genitalium
- Ureaplasma urealyticum

Viral STIs:

- Hepatitis B and C
- Cytomegalovirus (CMV)
- Epstein-Barr virus (EBV)
- Molluscum contagiosum
- Human T-lymphotropic virus (HTLV)
- Zika virus (ZIKV)

Parasitic STIs:

- Trichomoniasis
- Pubic lice (crabs)
- Scabies
- Pediculosis (body lice)

Symptoms

>Can be no symptoms

But may have...

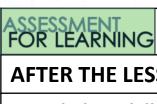
- >Pain
- >Blisters
- >Bumps
- >Soars
- >Drip or discharge
- ➤Itching
- >Scarring
- >More likely to get other infections

Did you know?

It is recommended to get tested for STIs regularly if you are sexually active, and to practice safe sex to reduce the risk of transmission.



REVIEW YOUR LEARNING OUTCOMES



CONFIDENCE CHECKER



AFTER THE LESSON	NOT CONFIDENT		CONFIDENT		VERY
Knowledge, Skills & Actions	1 0 2	3 🌳 4	5 🌳 6	7 🌳 8	9 🍑 10
I can name at least five sexually transmitted infections					
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I am able to describe some of the facts and symptoms of different STIs					
Complete the co	nfidence che	cker of wher	e Key Case		



you think you are at for this lesson

(Discussion or complete sheet)



I'm not confident at all on this topic

A little confident



Confident



I am super confident on this topic

HOMEWORK SUGGESTION





DUE DATE

It must be submitted by..

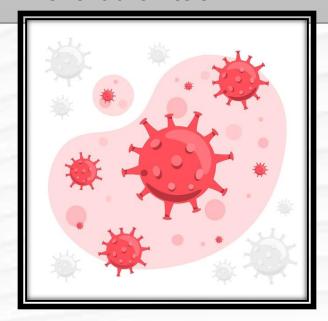
Hand / Google Classroom



Homework Explained

Choose one specific STI to focus on, and create a poster or presentation that includes the following information:

- Name of the STI and how it is transmitted
- Symptoms of the STI and how it can be diagnosed
- Long-term health consequences of the STI if left untreated
- Prevention measures for the STI, including ways to reduce the risk of transmission







IMPORTANT INFORMATION





FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE TOPICS COVERED IN THIS UNIT WE WOULD ADVISE ONE OF THE BELOW:

SPEAK TO YOUR PARENTS/GUARDIANS, HEAD OF YEAR,
A TRUSTED ADULT OR FRIEND.

IF YOU HAVE ANY CONCERNS ABOUT YOURSELF OR SOMEONE YOU KNOW.
IT IS IMPORTANT TO SPEAK UP AND TELL SOMEONE!

SPECIFIC FURTHER INFORMATION ON THIS TOPIC CAN BE FOUND HERE:

- □ https://www.brook.org.uk/ free & confidential sexual health & wellbeing experts
- □ Some pharmacies
- ☐ A sexual health clinic (GUM clinic)
- ☐ A contraception clinic
- ☐ Young people's services call the national sexual health helpline on 0300 123 7123 for details
- □ NHS Website https://www.nhs.uk/live-well/sexual-health/

SEEKING SUPPORT



REFLECTION PLENARY



A problem I overcame today was...

Before I only knew...
now I also know...

The key words for this lesson were...

I'm really proud of the way I have...

Today I have tried to...

The most important thing I have learnt today is...

I used to feel ... but I now feel ...

Before I would have done...
Now I will ...

Next lesson I would like to...

A question I would like to ask is...

I would like to learn more about...

I know if I need further support or help I could speak to.... or contact...

I now know I can supported others by...

One thing I didn't realise was... this will help me to...

2 Minutes



